

ALUMINIUM ALLOY EXTRUSIONS, 1xxx through 7xxx Series

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Synonyms, Trade Names:

Applications: Supplier:

Business/Emergency Telephone: Facsimile: Appearance & Odour: Aluminium Alloy Extrusions All Aluminium alloys in the 1xxx – 7xxx series excluding those containing lead (2011 and 6262) Engineering Capital Aluminium Extrusions Ltd, Cleator Moor, Cumbria, CA25 5QB, UK 01946 811771 01946 813681 Silver grey metallic solid, odourless

2.Composition/Information on Ingredients			
Base Metal Aluminium	Contents 80 – 99.7%		
Alloying Elements			
Copper	<10%		
Magnesium	<10%		
Zinc	<10%		
Cobalt	<2%		
Iron	<2%		
Maganese	<2%		
Silicon	<14%		
Tin	<2%		
Nickel	<2%		
Chromium	<0.5%		

For more detailed composition, refer to the certificate of analysis, available on request.

3.Hazard Identification

- Not regarded as a health hazard under current legislation as supplied.
- Water/ humidity on metal that is added to a melting furnace can cause violent explosions. Preheat material and keep dry prior to charging into a furnace.

4.First Aid Measures		
Inhalation:	Not considered to be a health hazard as supplied. However, if dust or hot vapour is inhaled, move the exposed person to a well-ventilated area, rinse nose and mouth with water and provide rest and warmth. If discomfort persists, consult a physician.	
Ingestion:	Not relevant	
Skin Contact:	Not considered to be a health hazard as supplied. However, if hot metal comes into contact with skin, remove the affected person from source of contamination and rinse the skin with plenty of cold water. If burn is severe, consult a physician.	
Eye contact:	Dust in the Eyes – remove any contact lenses and flush eyes thoroughly with water, taking care to rinse under eyelids. Continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If discomfort persists, consult a physician.	



5.Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:	Not a fire hazard unless in particulate form. Suspensions of aluminium dust in air may pose a severe explosion hazard. A potential for explosion exists for a mixture of fine and coarse particles if at least 15-20% of the material is finer than 44 microns (325 mesh). Buffing and polishing generate finer material than grinding, sawing and cutting. In case of aluminium fires, use a class D dry powder extinguisher. Do NOT use water or halogenated extinguishing media.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Not relevant

6.Accidental Release Procedures

 Recycle. Aluminium in the form of fine particulates may be reactive; its hazardous characteristics should be determined prior to disposal.

7.Handling and Storage			
Handling Precautions: Because of the risk of explosion, aluminium alloy scrap must thoroughly dried prior to remelting. Hot aluminium does not exhibit any warning colour change. great caution since the metal may be hot. Use standard tech check metal temperature prior to handling. Possibility of sharp edges – use protective gloves.			
Storage Conditions:	Store in dry conditions away from any of the chemicals listed in Section 10.		

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

- Ventilation must be capable of removing finely divided metallic dust generated by grinding, sawing etc in order to eliminate explosion hazards.
- Dust concentration in ventilation ducts must be maintained below the lower explosive limit of 40g/m₃. Use an approved respirator where concentrations exceed exposure limits.
- The use of primary protective equipment is necessary when handling hot metal.

Exposure Limits:

Ref:EH40/2000

Substance	Long Term Exposure Limit (8 hour TWA ref period) mg.m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (15min.ref period) mg.m3
Aluminium metal and oxides, respirable dust	4	-
Aluminium metal and oxides, total inhalable dust	10	-
Chromium	0.5	-
Copper, dusts & mists	1	2
Copper, fume	0.5	-
Magnesium oxide, fume & respirable dust	4	10
Manganese, fume	1	-
Nickel	0.1	-
Silicon, respirable dust	4	-
Silicon, total inhalable dust	10	-
Zinc oxide, fume	5	10



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Protection:

Use protective gloves. If dust is generated, use tight-fitting goggles and dust masks. If the level of nuisance dust exceeds 10mg/ m_{3} , use respirators. Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Colour: PH: Boiling Point: Melting Point: Vapour Pressure: Vapour Density (Air=1): Evaporation Rate: Relative Density (Air=1) Water Solubility: Odour: Flashpoint: Auto ignition Temperature: Lower Flammable Limit: Higher Flammable Limit: Explosive Properties: NFPA Fire Code: **Oxidising Properties:** Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water)

Metallic Silver grey Not applicable Not applicable 480-660°C Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable >2.5-2.9 Not applicable Odorless Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 0 Not applicable Not applicable

10.Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Conditions to avoid:	Stable In the form of particles, aluminium may explode when mixed with halogenated acids, halogenated solvents, bromates, iodates or ammonium nitrate. Aluminium particles on contact with copper, lead		
Hazardous Decomposition:	or iron oxides can react vigorously with release of heat if there is a source of ignition or intense heat. Aluminium, particularly in the form of particles, reacts with halogenated acids, water and caustic alkalis producing flammable hydrogen gas.		



11.Toxicological Information					
	Inhalation	Ingestion	Eye Contact	Skin Contact	Skin Absorption
Routes of exposure:	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Acute Effects:	 Solid aluminium does not present an inhalation hazard. Aluminium & Silicon dusts generated during use are considered nuisance particles. High concentrations of freshly – formed of copper, magnesium or zinc oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever. High concentrations of copper dust can cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract. 	Not applicable	Irritation through mechanical abrasion	Contact with hot metal can cause burns	Not applicable
Chronic Effects: Ingestion and Inha Medical Conditions By Exposure: Carcinogenicity/Mu Reproductive Toxic	system (apathy, dro resembling Parkinso Aggravated Not determined tagenicity/	wsiness, wea n's disease.)	kness and oth	ier symptom	IS

12. Ecological Information

 Aluminium and its alloys under solid form do not present any hazard for the environment because metals are not biologically available.

13.Disposal Considerations

- Recycle using appropriate precautions. Aluminium in the particulate form may be reactive, and its hazardous characteristics should be determined prior to disposal.
- Dispose of waste in accordance with the Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations

14.Transport Information

 This product is not classified as dangerous under the transport regulations for road, rail, sea or air

15.Regulatory Information

EC Classification:

Warning Symbol: None Warning Word: None Risk Phrases: None Safety Phrases: None



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16.Other Information

Revision: Reason for Change: References: Original Issue Not applicable As indicated in the text above plus: COSHH – Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations CHIP – Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging) Regulations

Although the information in this MSDS was obtained from sources, which we believe to be reliable, it cannot be guaranteed. In addition, this information may be used in a manner beyond our knowledge or control. It does not form a COSHH assessment.